

## School of Computer Science and Engineering

## Continuous Assessment Test I - August - 2018 B.Tech Computer Science and Engineering- III Semester

## CSE2001 -Computer Architecture and Organization

 $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{Marks})$ Answer all the questions [3] Compare and Contrast Von-Neumann and Harvard architecture. If the last operation performed on a computer with an 8-bit word was an addition in which the two [2] 1.(b) ' operands were binary 2 and 9, what would be the value of the following status flags: carry, zero, overflow, sign, and even parity? [5] Match the following columns: 1. (c) Operation instruction SUBTRACT Shift left DIVISION Compare AND Exclusive-or of same register CLEAR Shift right MULTIPLICATION TEST instruction Comment on the Booth's algorithm and its efficiency for multiplication representing the steps as a [10] 2. flow chart. Demonstrate step by step multiplication of (-9) × (-15) using Booth's algorithm. With divisor as 2 and dividend as 9, perform step by step restoring binary division. [10] 3. Explain the big-endian and little-endian memory storage formats. Illustrate with an example for a 4 [5] 4.(a) byte value. Discuss in detail various stages of instruction execution cycle with a neat sketch. [5] 4 (b) Given a mathematical operation "a = b + c", where a, b and c are memory locations. CPU has 128 [10] different instructions, If word length of memory is given to be 2 bytes and the address length to store 5. the data is given as 16 bits. calculate Memory to encode these instructions (i) Memory traffic for these instructions (ii) for following instruction formats: (a) 3 Address instruction format (b) 2 Address instruction format (c) 1 Address instruction format (d) 0 Address instruction format Mention assumptions if made any.

\*\* All the best \*\*